



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

BOOK REVIEWS

A Digest of English Civil Law. By Edward Jenks, M.A., B.C.L., of the Middle Temple; Principal and Director of Legal Studies of the Law Society; (Editor). *Book III. Law of Property.* By Edward Jenks. London. Butterworth & Co. Boston, U. S. A., The Boston Book Co., 1911. pp. xliii, 547 to 668, 9.

We have here a brief portion of what bids fair to be a monumental work on English Civil Law. Before us at present are but eight of the twelve "Titles" under "Section I" of Book III of this "Digest of English Civil Law." Book III is entitled "Law of Property," and its proposed table of contents contains XVI sections, which cover (a) Land, (b) Chattels Corporeal, and (c) Choses-in-Action. The portion of this book under review treats of "the estates recognized by English Law," and "Future Interests in Land."

One is immediately impressed upon looking into this work with the excellence of its typographical arrangement. Then the subject itself is made easily accessible by the logical, concise and pithy manner in which it is set forth. The subject-matter is comprehensive, yet presented in its simplest form, which is especially to be appreciated in dealing with the mazy subject of real property law. The law in the present volume is brought down to midsummer, 1911. This work is being prepared in a painstaking and masterly manner, and we shall await with much interest its completion..

H. C. C.

International Arbitration and Procedure. By Robert C. Morris, D.C.L., of the New York Bar. With a Foreword by President Taft. New Haven: Yale University Press, 1911. pp. x, 238.

In a book on arbitration of which President Taft can say, as he does in the foreword to this, "I am indebted to Mr. Morris for much information contained in the present volume," there is certain to be much for the general reader who seeks to know the what and the why of arbitration. From it such an one can learn the general progress of international arbitration up to the present time, and also the particulars of many of the important disputes settled in this fashion in the last century and a half.

That all questions are at the present stage of the development of the human race susceptible of settlement by arbitration is not here completely demonstrated. But Mr. Morris is very happy in his statement of what has been done and of his hopes for the future, based on the gradual extension of international arbitration to questions that a few years since would have been determinable only by war. This history furnishes a firmer basis for a hope for universal international arbitration than can be gained from a library of *a priori* reasoning.

C. J. R.

Outline of the Jurisdiction and Procedure of the Federal Courts.

By Joseph R. Long, Professor of Law in Washington and Lee University. Second Edition. The Michie Company, Charlottesville, Va. 1911. pp. xxii, 278.

This book is "a manual or ready reference book" on Federal Jurisdiction and Procedure. It does not pretend to be an exhaustive treatise, yet Mr. Long, with his characteristic terse and readable style, covers the subject with considerable thoroughness. The book is designed primarily for law students, but this condensed work, including as it does the complete text of *The Federal Judicial Code* of March 3, 1911, which went into effect January 1, 1912, will frequently be found useful by practitioners.

In Part I the author treats of the different phases of Federal Jurisdiction, describing in detail the several Courts of the Federal judicial system. Separate chapters are devoted to the subjects of Removal of Causes, and of Procedure in the Federal Courts; and in an Appendix the Federal Reports and Statutes are discussed and the various publications and editions of each described.

Part II consists of the complete text of the new Federal Judicial Code.

H. C. C.

The Law of Contracts. By Clarence D. Ashley, Professor of Law and Dean of the Faculty of Law in New York University. Boston. Little, Brown & Co. 1911. pp. xxvii, 310.

Professor Ashley in this work has produced a rather unique but altogether admirable treatise on the subject of Contracts. His aim has been to get away from the old hide-bound traditions and